A Collaborative Approach to Improving Accessibility of Sexual Health Education for Individuals with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities

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Background

- Adolescents with intellectual and developmental disabilities, including those with Down Syndrome are at risk for:
 - Increased rates of sexual abuse
 - Difficulty identifying unsafe situations
 - Increased rates of sexually transmitted infections
 - Negative outcomes associated with pregnancy

Background

- Most schools aren't covering sex ed!
- Little research has been done analyzing the effects of accessible sexual health education programs.
- Parents report discomfort discussing these topics with their children.
- Direct support providers report discomfort and lack of preparedness discussing these topics.

Purpose of this Study

 The purpose of this study was to improve the accessibility of sexual health education for individuals with intellectual and developmental disabilities (I/DD) ages 15-30 years.

Methods

Aim 1:

- Mixed-methods, grounded theory study design
 - Four key stakeholder groups
 - Focus groups and interviews
 - Constant comparative analysis
 - General Sexual Knowledge Questionnaire

Methods

Aim 2:

- Developed interactive learning activities based on the recommendations and gaps identified in Aim 1
- Tested the usability, usefulness, and desirability of each activity
- Assessed sexual health knowledge for each topic before and after using SocioSexual Knowledge and Attitudes Assessment Tool Revised (SSKAAT-R)

Methods

- Aim 3
 - Tested the feasibility of a five-week, biweekly, community-based sexual health education program
 - Recruitment rates
 - Retention rates
 - Attendance rates
 - Assessment completion rates
 - Adherence to treatment protocol
 - Satisfaction

• Aim 1:

Participants
recommended using a
proactive and formal
education provided by
multiple stakeholders
and that learning should
be continued.



Barriers:

- Parental characteristics
- General characteristics
- Embarrassment
- Limited organizational policies and/or standards
- Limited professional education for providers and educators.

Gaps:

- Pregnancy, reproduction and family planning (42% average)
- Contraception (37.5% average)
- Safety (45.3% average)

Recommended:

- Videos
- Visuals
- Universal design for learning
- Direct, explicit instruction





• Aim 2:

- Usability of activities:
 - Gender unicorn (76%)
 - Virtual reality script (75%)
 - Identity video (66%)
 - Anatomy video (89%)
 - STI infographic (85%)
 - Family planning video (63%)
 - Dating video (75%)
- Revisions:
 - Contraceptives infographic (56%) was refined (97%)
 - Puberty visuals (46%) was refined (94%)





- Aim 3:
 - Recruitment rates (90%)
 - Retention rates (77.8%)
 - Attendance rates (98.2%)
 - Data collection procedures:
 - Pretest (86%)
 - Posttest (100%)



- Aim 3:
 - Adherence to treatment protocol:
 - Review/reminders (5-10 minutes) = 53%
 - Content (30-50 minutes) = 67%
 - Interactive learning activities (15-25 minutes) = 47%
 - Question & Answers (5-10 minutes) = 27%
 - Data suggests that changes are needed to the current treatment protocol to improve feasibility.
 - More time for sharing!

Updated Schedule

Consent	Day 0	30 mins	Review capacity to consent questions and consent, assent, or parent permission documents.
Week 1	Day 1	2 hours	Intro/Assessments
	Day 2	90 mins	Effective Communication & Relationships (friendships, familial and introduction to intimate relationships)
Week 2	Day 3	90 mins	Healthy Relationships, Boundaries, and Decision-Making (introduce sexual decision-making and consent)
	Day 4	90 mins	Anatomy and Physiology and Puberty and Adolescent Development
Week 3	Day 5	90 mins	Gender Identity and Sexual Orientation
	Day 6	90 mins	Gender Identity and Sexual Orientation continued and Sexual Activities (re-incorporating sexual decision-making and consent)
Week 4	Day 7	90 mins	Pregnancy, Reproduction, and Parenting
	Day 8	90 mins	Protection – Contraception, STDs, and HIV/AIDS
Week 5	Day 9	90 mins	Safety (identifying abuse and reporting abuse), local resources.
	Day 10	2 hours	Review, final assessment and party

Satisfaction

- Overall, participants were satisfied!
 - There weren't consistent favorite or least favorite activities or topics identified among participants.
 - They felt their questions were answered (85.7%) & heard (85.7%).
 - They were **comfortable** with the instructors (85.7%).
 - Most participants felt they would recommend this group to a friend (85.7%), would take the group again (71.4%) or would like to continue learning about sexual health (71.4%).

Implications

- How will this impact families of children with Down syndrome?
 - Community-based sexual health education programs are feasible!
 - Gains in knowledge were noted in recognized gap areas, including:
 - Pregnancy, reproduction and family planning (3 point improvement)
 - Contraception (7.6 point improvement)
 - Safety (8.9 point improvement)
 - Identified a need to separate groups based on sexual health knowledge
 - Identified a need to include parents or caregivers throughout (i.e. parent handouts or parent education component)

Implications

Research:

- Develop and test the effects of resources for parents, educators, and health providers to support individuals with I/DD, including Down Syndrome.
- Learning activities should be tested further among a larger, more diverse sample.
- Larger, pilot RCTs needed to confirm effects of accessible sexual health education programs.

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Thank you!

